

1. Which of these can also be called the publication?
A. Source B. Summary C. Reflection D. Citation
2. Which of these should be short, and written in your own words?
A. Source B. Summary C. Reflection D. Citation
3. Which of these should be longer, and include connections to groups, big ideas, or other parts of the world?
A. Source B. Summary C. Reflection D. Citation
4. Which of these themes of geography is the “I” in Mr. Lip, but the “HE” in Mr. Help?
A. Movement B. Region C. Human & Environmental Interaction D. Location
5. What is the difference between location and place?
A. Location can be absolute while place cannot
B. Place focuses on the unique features of an area while location does not
C. Both location and place can be relative, when they are compared
D. All of the above
6. What is the difference between location and region?
A. Region is used to group many places together
B. Place is used to distinguish parts of a region
C. Neither one can be used with location
D. Both A and B are correct.
7. Lines of latitude are called:
A. Parallels B. Meridians C. Hemispheres D. Lines
8. The Northern, Southern, Eastern, and Western are examples of these.
A. Parallels B. Meridians C. Hemispheres D. Lines
9. Lines of longitude are called:
A. Parallels B. Meridians C. Hemispheres D. Lines

10. A special line of latitude in the South. Below this line, there are times of the year when the sun does not set for several days.

- A. Tropic of Cancer
- B. Tropic of Capricorn
- C. Arctic Circle
- D. Antarctic Circle

11. A special line of latitude in the North. Below this line, the weather is hot because the sun is directly overhead for part of each day.

- A. Tropic of Cancer
- B. Tropic of Capricorn
- C. Arctic Circle
- D. Antarctic Circle

12. This is not a line of longitude, but it is very close to the 180° line.

- A. Equator
- B. Prime Meridian
- C. International Date Line
- D. Greenwich line

13. These letters stand for 'Anno Domini' and refer to the years to the right of the zero.

- A. AD
- B. BC
- C. CE
- D. BCE

14. These letters stand for 'before the common era' and refer to the years to the left of the zero.

- A. AD
- B. BC
- C. CE
- D. BCE

15. A period of 1,000 years

- A. Timelines
- B. Gregorian Calendar
- C. Century
- D. Millennium

16. A period of 100 years

- A. Timelines
- B. Gregorian Calendar
- C. Century
- D. Millennium

17. The name of the system we use to keep track of time.

- A. Timelines
- B. Gregorian Calendar
- C. Century
- D. Millennium